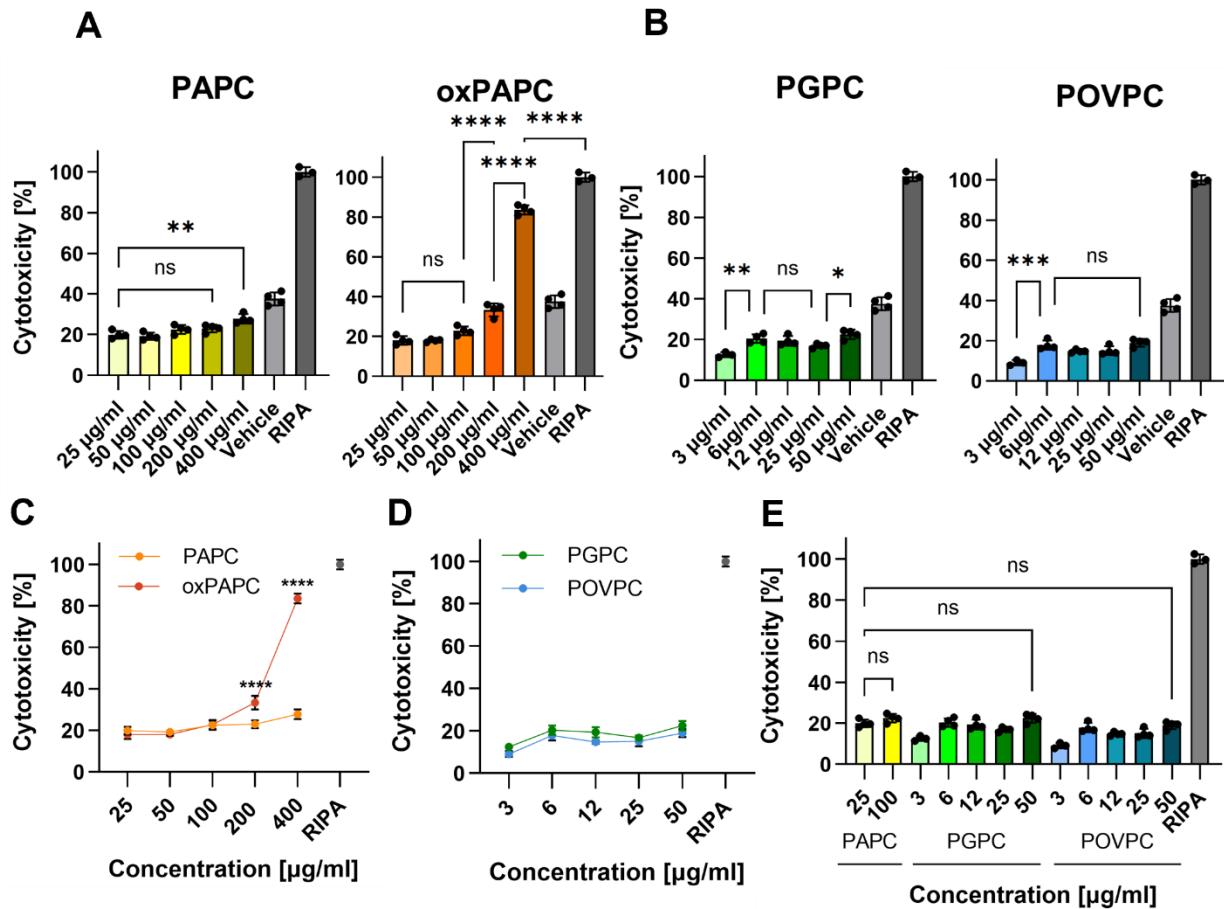
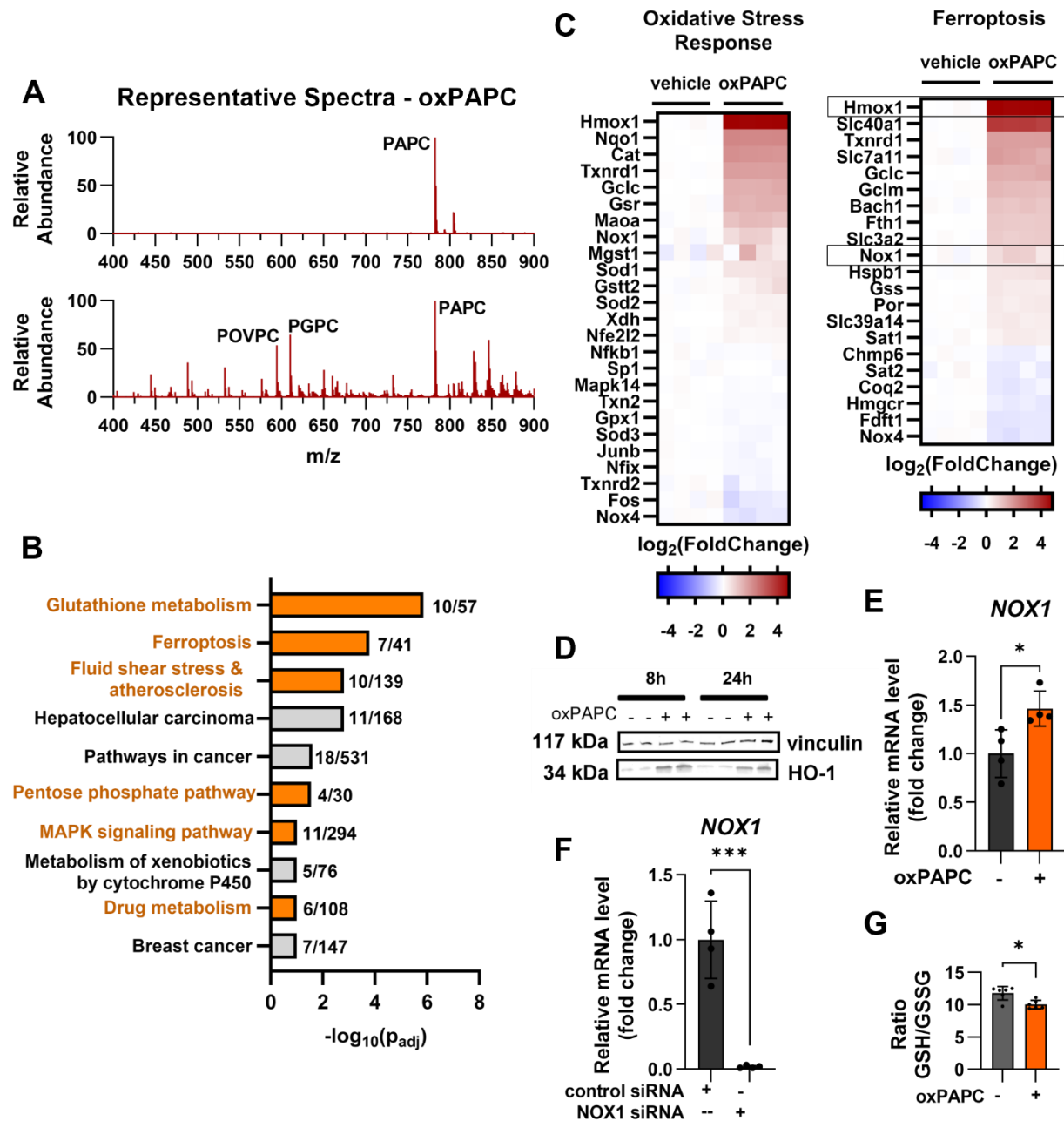


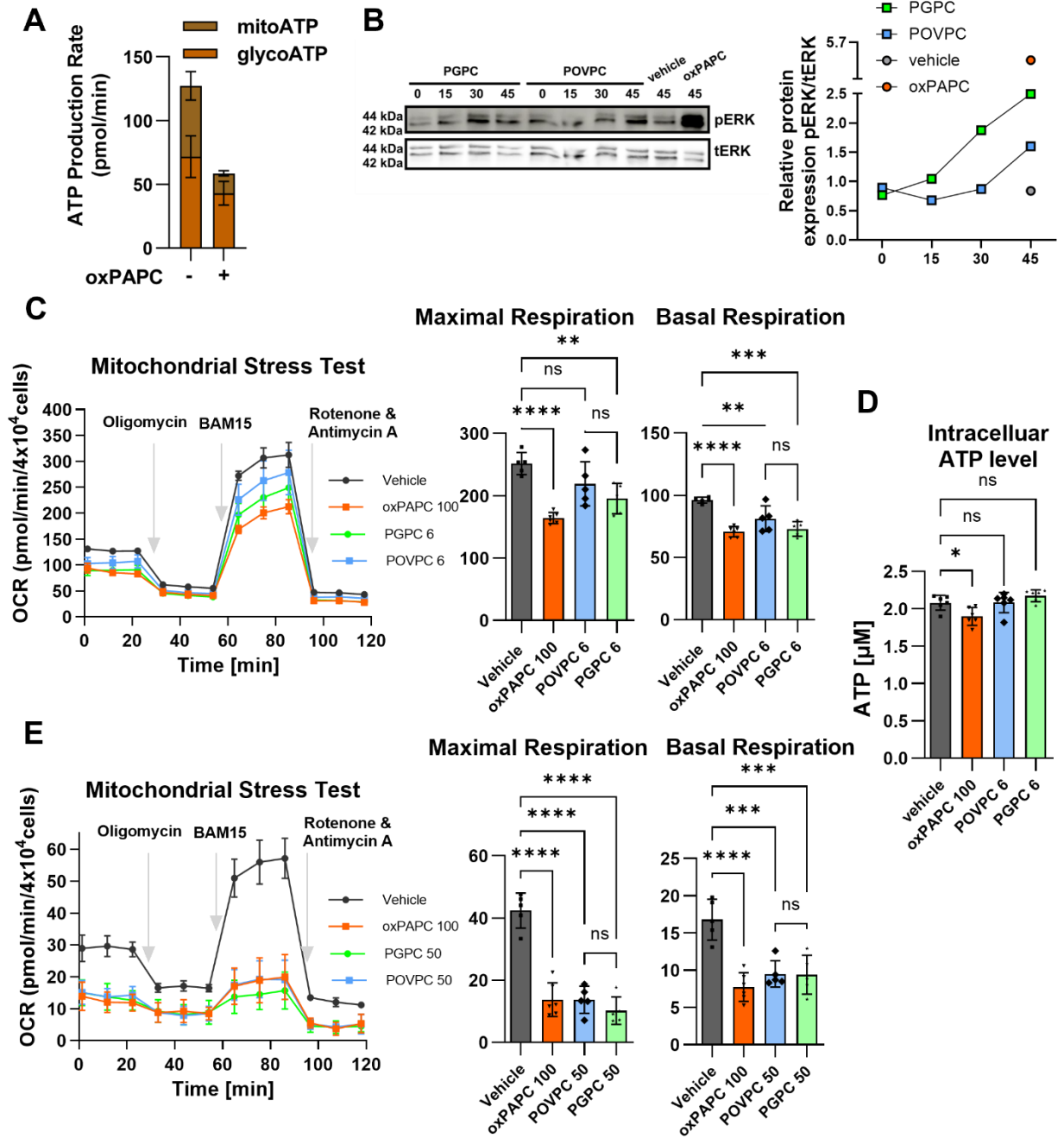
**Supplemental Figure S1** Relative expression of chosen: (A) redox, (B) metabolic, (C) fatty acid, (D) cardiac damage, (E) fibrotic related and other (F) genes obtained using RT-qPCR in the hearts of GFP and scFv-E06 expressing mice on Chow and FCP diet. Quantification relative to *Hprt*. Statistical analysis: One-Way ANOVA with Tukey's Multiple Comparisons Test: \* $p \leq 0.05$ , \*\* $p \leq 0.01$ , N=3-4 (A-F).



**Supplemental Figure S2 Impact of non-oxidized and various OxPC species on H9c2 viability following lipid exposure.** Comparison of cell-mediated cytotoxicity in H9c2 cells as determined by the conventional LDH assay when treated for 6h with vehicle and **(A)** 25-400 µg/ml of PAPC and OxPAPC **(B)** 3-50 µg/ml of PGPC and POVPC. **(C)** Comparison of cytotoxicity induced after 6h exposure to non-oxidized and oxidized PAPC in the concentration range of 25-400 µg/ml. **(D)** Comparison of cytotoxicity induced after 6h treatment with two short-chain oxidized phospholipids PGPC and POVPC in the concentration range of 3-50 µg/ml. **(E)** Cytotoxicity caused by short-chain oxidized phospholipids (PGPC, POVPC, 3-50 µg/ml) compared to cytotoxicity induced by non-oxidized lipid (PAPC: 25 µg/ml, 100 µg/ml). Cytotoxicity is expressed as percentage of signal normalized to 100% lysis, obtained in control cells treated with RIPA. Error bars represent SD. Statistical analysis: One-Way ANOVA with Tukey's Multiple Comparisons Test: \* $p \leq 0.05$ , \*\* $p \leq 0.01$ , \*\*\* $p \leq 0.0001$ ,  $N=3-5$  (A-E). Data shown are representatives of 2 independent experiments.



**Supplemental Figure S3** (A) Liquid chromatography–mass spectrometry (LC–MS) spectra of PAPAN and OxPAPAN after 8 days of oxidation of PAPAN. (B) 10 most correlated pathways with genes upregulated by OxPAPAN in H9c2 cells. Source: KEGG Pathway 2021 Human in Enrich R. (C) Relative gene expression of pathway genes from „Oxidative Stress Response” and „Ferroptosis” in H9c2 cells treated with OxPAPAN (6h, 100µg/ml). Source: Wiki Pathway 2023 Human. (D) Western Blott analysis showing the HO-1 protein expression of in H9c2 cells after treatment with 100µg/ml OxPAPAN for 8h and 24h. (E) Nox1 gene expression levels in H9c2 cells after treatment with OxPAPAN (6h, 100µg/ml). RT-qPCR quantification relative to Hprt. Error bars represent SD. N=4 (B,C). N=2 (D). Statistical analysis: Unpaired T-Test: \*\*= $p \leq 0.01$ . N=4 (E, F), N=8 (G) Data shown are representatives of 3 independent experiments.

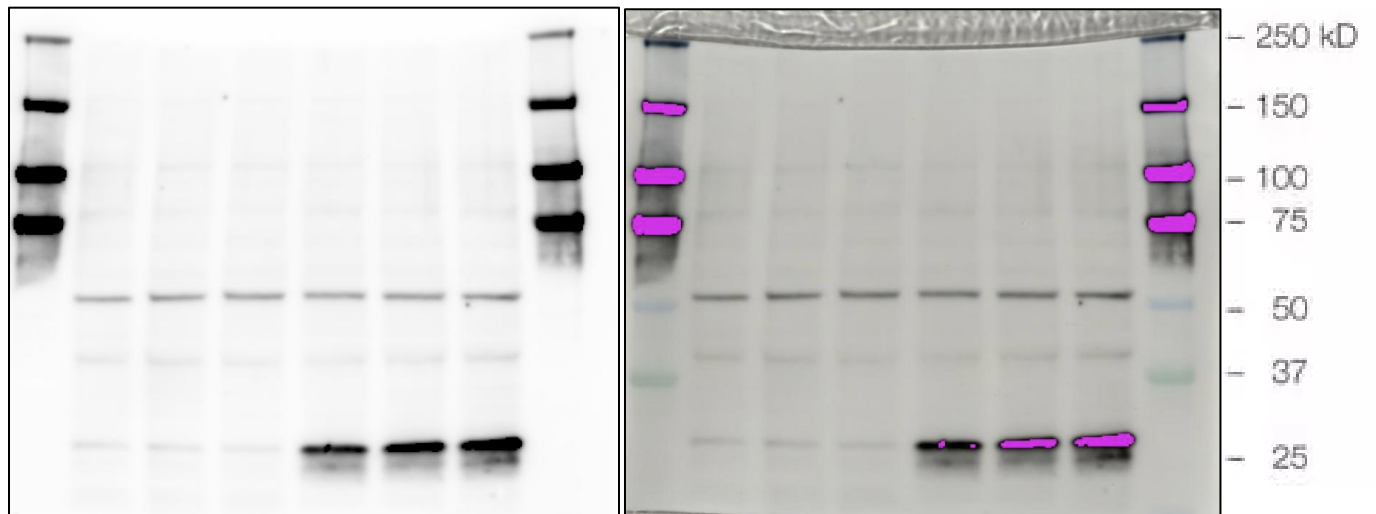


**Supplemental Figure S4 (A)** Total ATP production rate attributed to Glycolysis (glycoATP) and Oxidative Phosphorylation (mitoATP) in H9c2 cells treated with OxPAPC (6h, 100 $\mu$ g/ml). **(B)** Western blot analysis showing the kinetics of ERK 1/2 phosphorylation in H9c2 cells after treatment with PGPC and POVPC (6 $\mu$ g/ml) with a time course quantification of phosphorylated ERK 1/2 to total ERK 1/2 on the right. **(C)** Mitochondrial bioenergetics of H9c2 cells treated for 6h with 100 $\mu$ g/ml OxPAPC, 6 $\mu$ g/ml PGPC, 6 $\mu$ g/ml POVPC and quantification of basal and maximal oxygen consumption rate. **(D)** Intracellular ATP level after treatment for 6h with 100 $\mu$ g/ml OxPAPC, 6 $\mu$ g/ml PGPC, 6 $\mu$ g/ml POVPC. **(E)** Mitochondrial bioenergetics of H9c2 cells treated for 6h with 100 $\mu$ g/ml OxPAPC, 50 $\mu$ g/ml PGPC, 50 $\mu$ g/ml POVPC and quantification of basal and maximal oxygen consumption rate. Error bars represent SD. N=5 (A), N=1 (B). Statistical analysis: One-Way ANOVA with Tukey's Multiple Comparisons Test: N=5-6 (C, E), N=6 (D), \* $p \leq 0.05$ , \*\* $p \leq 0.01$ , \*\*\* $p \leq 0.001$ , \*\*\*\* $p \leq 0.0001$ . Data shown are representatives of 3 independent experiments.

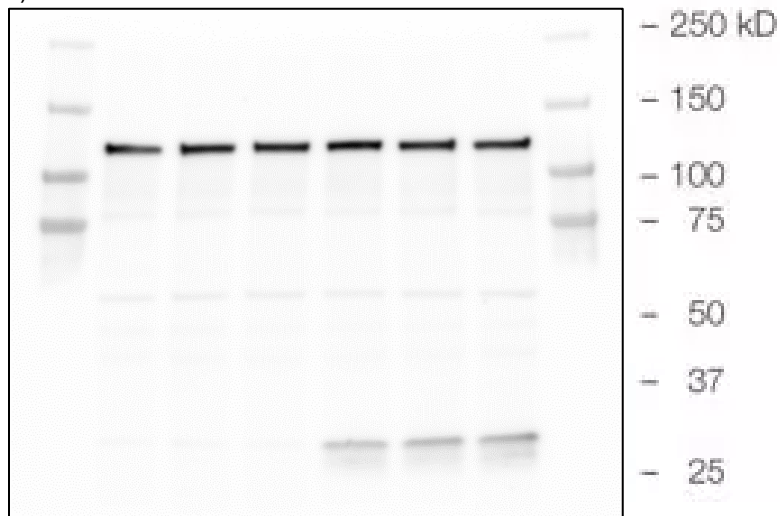
**Supplemental Figure S5** Original Western Blots from:

- **For Figure 2E**

1) G6PD + HO-1

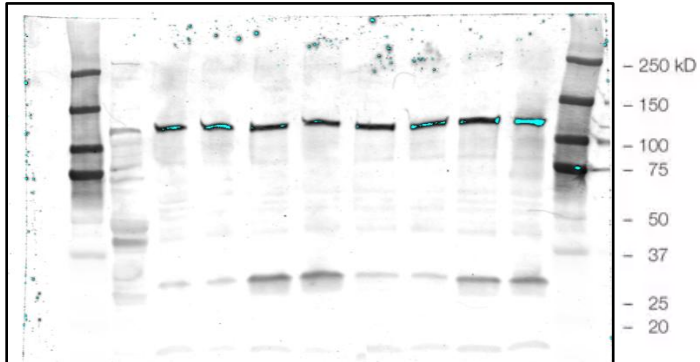


2) vinculin

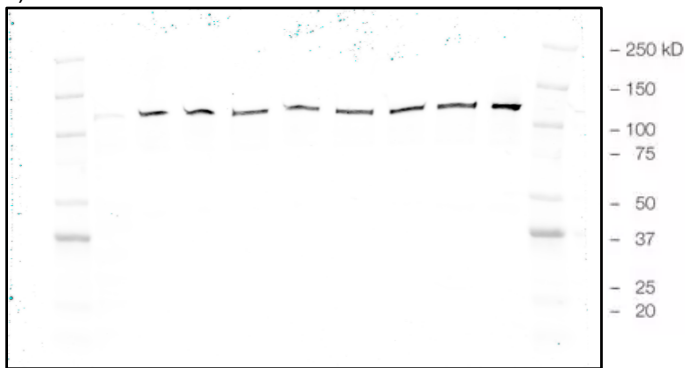


- **For Figure S3D**

1) HO-1

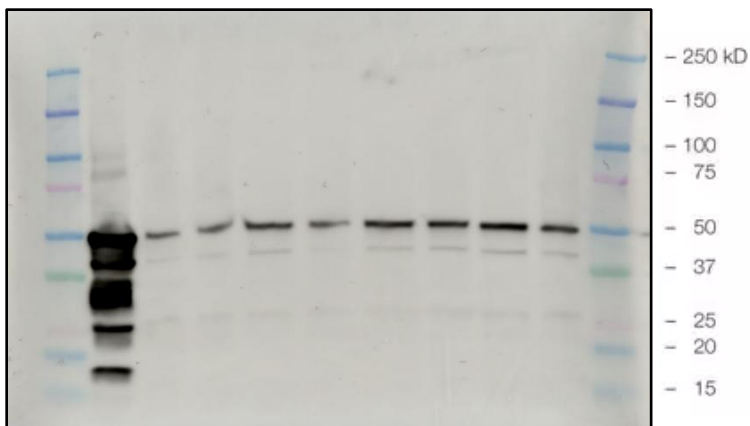


2) vinculin

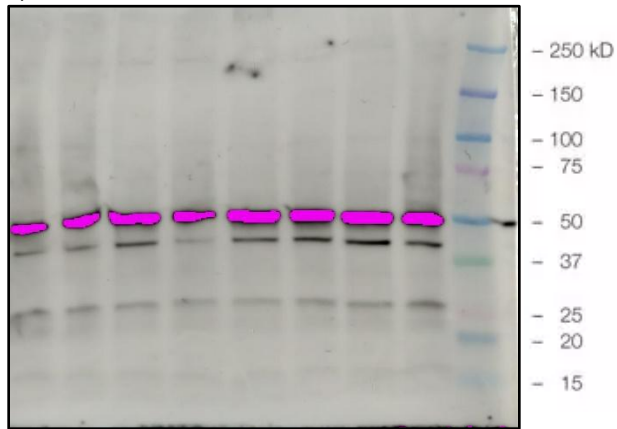


- **For Figure 5B:**

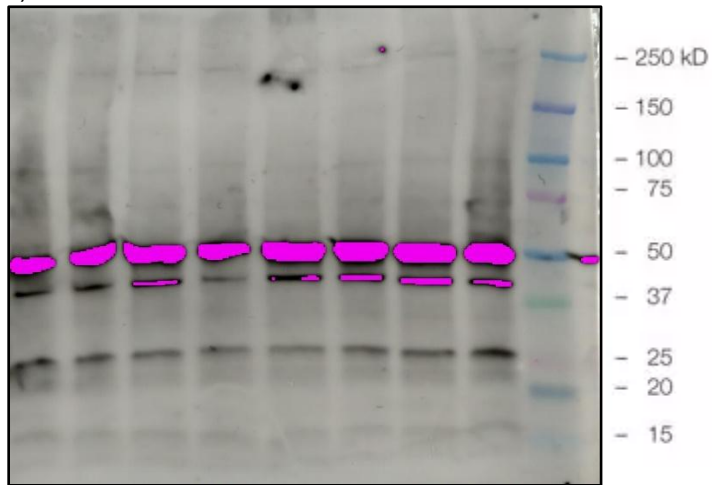
1) Positive control + 55kDa;



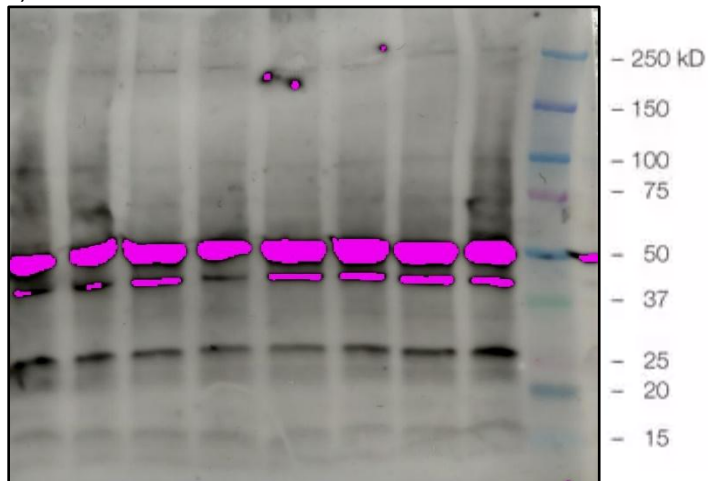
2) 48kDa



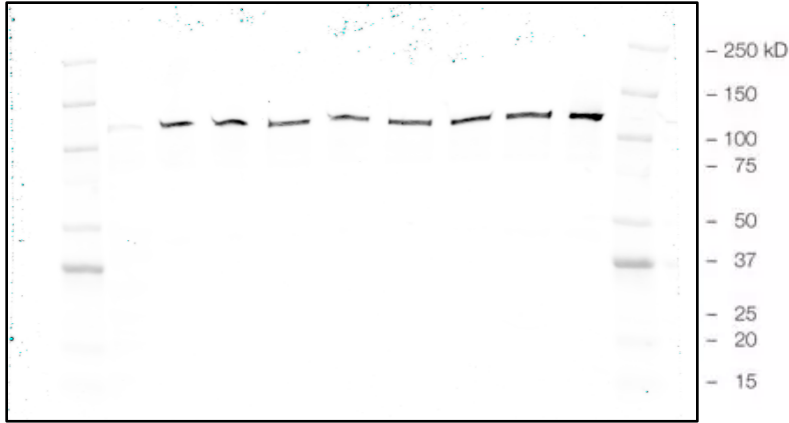
3) 30kDa



4) 20kDa

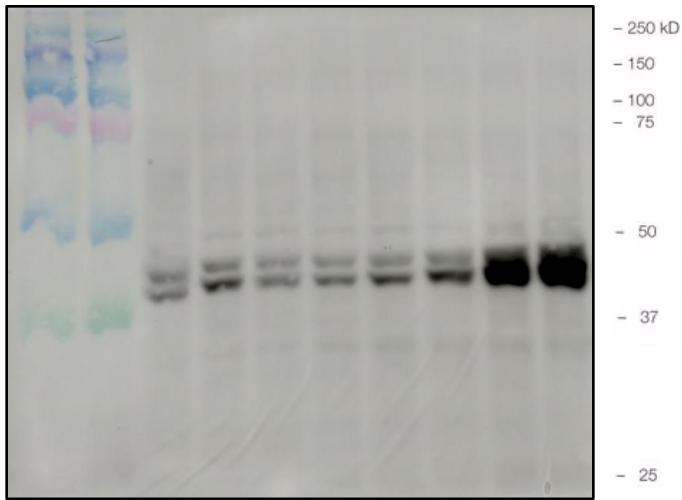


5) vinculin

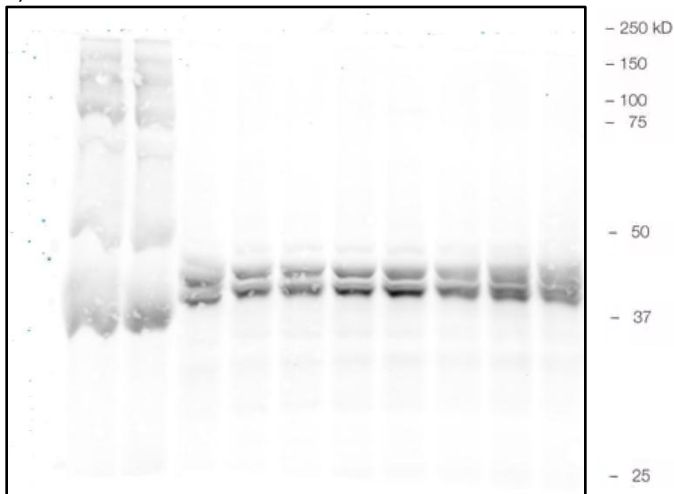


- For Figure 5C:

1) pERK 1/2

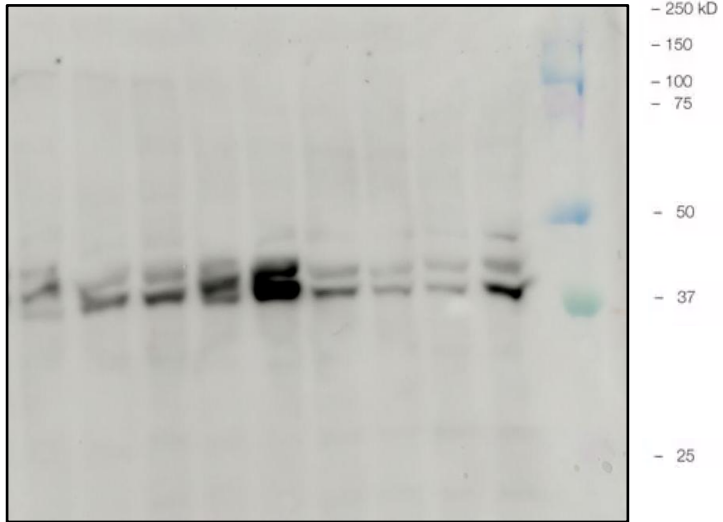


2) tERK 1/2

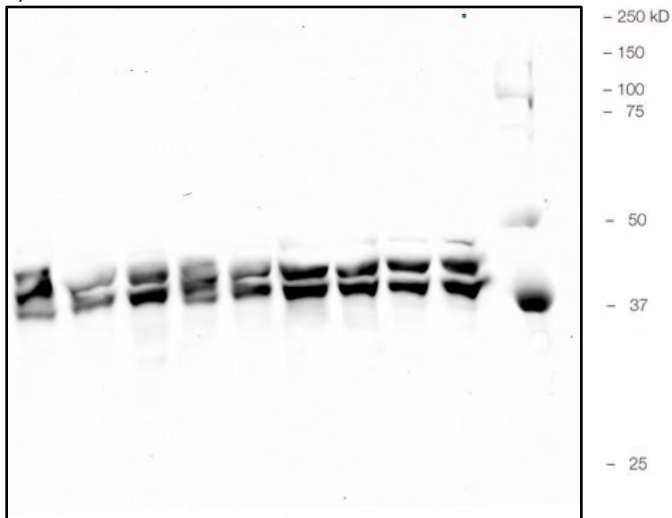


- For Figure 5D

1) pERK 1/2

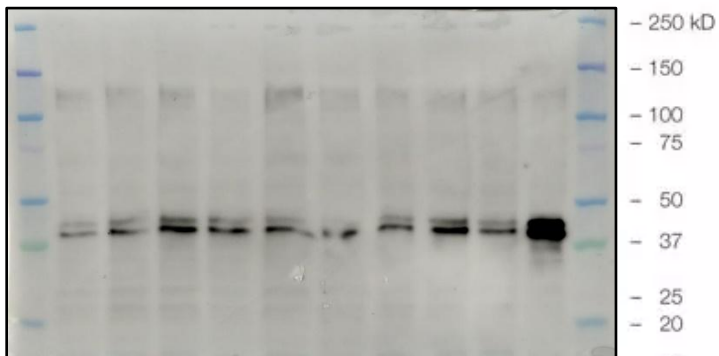


2) tERK 1/2



- For Figure S4B

1) pERK 1/2



2) tERK 1/2

